



What a year

DEPARTMENT AUTOMATES, FINDS NEW RECYCLING OUTLETS

Last May, the Department of Solid Waste Management introduced fully automated waste collection to the residents of Durham. Fully automated collection is a technologically advanced waste collection system utilizing a specially fitted sanitation truck. The operator uses controls inside the truck cab to operate a mechanical arm that extends, lifts, dumps, and returns the standard 90-gallon roll-out trash cart from and to the curb. These fully automated vehicles are equipped with two cameras. One camera, positioned behind the vehicle, allows the driver to see approaching cars, pedestrians, and other objects without the assistance of a spotter. The second camera, located in the cart dumping area, permits the driver to see the items being discarded from the carts. This second camera is an innova-



Our automated trash trucks remind us all to recycle!

tive tool that assists the driver with enforcement of the City's recycling law.

The Department has purchased four fully automated collection vehicles, which currently service more than 10,000 households. The Department's goal is to achieve fully automated collection in 70 percent of Durham by 2005. The "Recycle Guys" artwork was recently added to the back of the fully automated trucks to publicize the importance of recycling and to remind citizens of the recycling laws.

The City's Department of Solid Waste Management has initiated a new program to recycle broken plastic trash carts instead of sending them to a landfill. For years, non-repairable carts have been picked up from residences and stockpiled at the City's Solid Waste facility. The Department did not want to continue to landfill them and looked into other alternatives to disposal. Recently, the City has partnered with Plastic Revolutions, a company from Reidsville, NC, that will accept the carts once all of the metal has been removed. Last October, the first 750 carts were shipped to Plastic Revolutions where they were recycled into underground drainage pipes. The City's recycling contractor, Tidewater Fibre Corporation, recycled the metal. In addition to the trash carts, old and broken recycling bins are also being recycled. Durham has joined with the towns of Cary and Chapel Hill to save broken recycling bins for Plastic Revolutions to recycle.

Get ready for Earth Day!

Mark your calendars for the 2002 Durham Earth Day Festival, set for Saturday, April 20, 2002, from 1 p.m. to 6 p.m. at the historic Durham Athletic Park, 500 W. Corporation Street. Admission is FREE and there will be hands-on educational activities for kids and adults, music, story-telling, giant puppets, environmental booths, great food, and much more!

If you make a donation of \$25 or more, you will be recognized in the *Herald-Sun's* Earth Day newsletter, which is distributed the week of the festival. Please send your tax-deductible donation (made payable to EcoAccess) to Alison Fiori, Solid Waste Management, 1833 Camden Avenue, Durham, NC 27704. Call 560-4185, ext. 248, for more information.

Thank you for your support!



El Festival del Día de La Tierra del 2002 se llevará al cabo el Sábado 20 de abril, 2002, en el Parque Atlético Histórico de Durham (500 West Corporation Street). ¡La entrada es GRATIS y habrá educación ambiental práctica para los niños y adultos, entretenimiento, casetas ambientales, buena comida y mucho



Broken trash carts, as well as broken recycling bins, are now being recycled!

Did you know that the Department of Solid Waste Management provides commercial container collection service to businesses in Durham at very competitive rates? If you decide to have our department pick up your business's trash dumpster weekly, you can also receive FREE corrugated cardboard collection. Remember—it is the law in Durham to recycle corrugated cardboard.

If you have questions about any of the Department's programs, call 560-4185, or visit our web site, www.ci.durham.nc. us/departments/solid.

¡Que Año! El Departamento de Dirección de Residuos Sólidos presentó la colección de basura totalmente automatizada en Mayo y espera lograr un 70% de colección de basura totalmente automatizado para el 2005. Los camiones totalmente automatizados sólo necesitan un conductor y el camión tiene cámaras para ayudar al conductor cuando esta dándole reversa al camión y para asistir al conductor a reforzar las leyes de reciclaje de la ciudad. Recientemente, el arte de los "Muchachos de Reciclaje" fue puesto en la parte de atrás de cada camión totalmente automatizado para recordarle a todos la importancia del reciclaje. El Departamento también ha comenzando a reciclar carretas de basura plásticas y botes de reciclaje, en vez de mandarlos al entierro de residuos. Adicionalmente, el Departamento ofrece servicios de colección de recipientes comerciales a negocios en Durham. Si el Departamento recoge su contenedor de basura, usted puede recibir colección de cartones corrugados GRATIS. Para mayor información sobre cualquiera de los programas del Departamento, llame al 560-4185.

Timely tidings

Do you need to recycle last year's phone book? Don't put it into your curbside bin! Instead, please bring it to one of four recycling drop-off centers—Northgate Mall, South Square Mall, Kroger, or Woodcroft Shopping Center. Special phone book collection containers will be at these recycling centers through February 8.

Did you know that leaves blown onto the street and into storm drains and ditches may pollute our drinking water and kill fish? What can you do? Buy a yard waste cart for a one-time fee of \$20 and receive weekly collection for yard waste. Or, compost your own leaves in a backyard compost bin sold by the Department. You can even bring your leaves and other yard waste to the Waste Disposal and Recycling Center, 2115 E. Club Boulevard, Monday through Friday,



"Recycling in the Parks"

 $7{:}30~a.m.$ to $4{:}30~p.m.,$ and Saturday, $7{:}30~a.m.$ to noon.

The Department of Solid Waste Management has partnered with the City departments of Parks and Recreation and Property and Facilities Management to start a "Recycling in the Parks" pilot project. Recycling Stations will be set up for the collection of aluminum cans, plastic bottles, and glass bottles and jars in the following City parks: West Point on the Eno, Piney Woods, Valley Springs, Forest Hills, and Twin Lakes.

Call the Department of Solid Waste Management at 560-4185 for more information.

El Departamento de Dirección de Residuos Sólidos está trabajando con Versión y Tidewater Fibre para proveerle oportunidades de reciclaje para sus guías telefónicas viejas. Los centros de reciclaje para guías telefónicas viejas están ubicados en los centros de reciclaje en South Square Mall, Northgate Mall, Kroger (Hillsborough Rd.) y el Woodcroft Shopping Center hasta el 8 de febrero, 2002. La ciudad también ha comenzando un proyecto en cincos Parques de la Cuidad: West Point en el Eno, Pineywoods, Valley Springs, Forest Hills, y East End.

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Recycling is working

From mom-and-pop collection services to large-scale manufacturers of high-tech recycled-content products, recycling is working across America—and keeping Americans working. According to the recently published U.S. Recycling Economic Information Study, recycling offers widespread benefits to the U.S. economy. Specifically, the U.S. recycling and reuse industry encompasses more than 56,000 establishments that gross over \$236 billion in annual revenues and employ more than 1.1 million people with an annual payroll of \$37 billion.

In addition to direct job creation and investment, the study also measured the broader or "downstream" impacts of the recycling and reuse industry. Recycling supports many other businesses, such as accounting firms and office supply companies, which indirectly contribute 1.4 million jobs with a payroll of \$52 billion and receipts of \$173 billion to the U.S. economy. Spending by employees of the recycling and reuse industry adds to the economic punch, creating another 1.5 million jobs with a payroll of \$41 billion and receipts of \$146 billion.

These findings make it clear that recycling and reuse are not just "feel good" activities, as critics sometimes claim. Rather, recycling and reuse are helping fuel the U.S. economy—even as they continue to help cut pollution, conserve resources, save energy, and reduce greenhouse gas emissions.

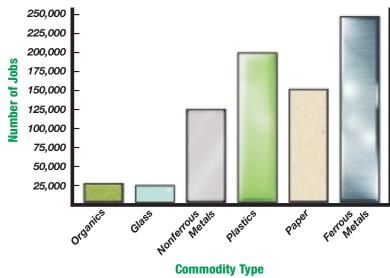
The recycling and reuse industry is as varied as the raw materials available. There are long-established sectors such as paper and steel making alongside newer entrepreneurial ventures, such as commercial composters, plastic lumber manufacturers, and crumb rubber users. Also on the rise, are companies specializing in refurbishing used electronic appliances, computer equipment, and office and home furnishings. For a breakdown of employment by recyclable commodity group, refer to the chart "Recycling Manufacturing Industry Employment."

In comparing the reuse and recycling industry to other sectors within the economy, the study found that it's comparable to the auto and truck manufacturing industry. Not only that, it's significantly larger than either mining or the waste management and disposal industry. (See the chart "Industry Sector Employment.")

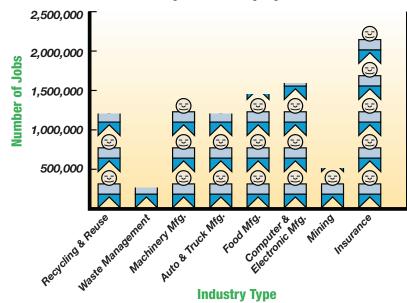
Although wages for workers in the recycling and reuse industry are lower than some other sectors, wages are notably higher than the national average for all industries.

This study, commissioned by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and several state governments, was conducted under an agreement with the National Recycling Coalition. For more information, visit www.nrc-recycle.org or www.epa.gov/jtr/econ/rei-rw/rei-rw.htm.

Recycling Manufacturing Industry Employment



Industry Sector Employment



The LATEST SGREATEST

Once and again

During the past few months, one of America's most famous—and infamous—landfills has been in the news again. Fresh Kills Landfill, located on Staten Island in New York City, received what was expected to be its final load of garbage on March 22, 2001—months ahead of its scheduled closing date. By the time it closed, the landfill complex, which opened in 1948 and started with about 3,000 acres, had received more than 150 million cubic yards of trash that was buried in four main sections. At its highest point, Fresh Kills rises at least 225 feet above the surrounding sea level.

However, Fresh Kills wasn't closed for long. After the September 11 attack on the World Trade Center, Fresh Kills was reopened on an emergency basis to accept debris

from New York City's ground zero. Other than structural steel, most of which has been removed directly from the site and taken to New Jersey for recycling, almost all other debris has gone to Fresh Kills Landfill where investigators sift through the massive pile for evidence. At one point, the debris pile was about 15 feet tall and covered nearly 150 acres. When the ground zero cleanup is complete, Fresh Kills will once again be closed.

Want to know more about the history of Fresh Kills Landfill and its predecessors? Read the recently published history of New York City's waste, *Fat of the Land: Garbage of New York, The Last Two Hundred Years* by Benjamin Miller.

FAT

An Olympian goal

In the slightly more than two weeks set aside for the Winter Olympics, spectators, trainers, athletes, and sportscasters will generate more than 2,500 tons of waste. The organizers of the Games in Salt Lake City have set an impressive goal—to recycle at least 85 percent of this waste.



At most venues, there will be two bins—one for bottles and cans and the other for mixed waste. In areas that are used by athletes only and not the general public, there will be more bins and recyclables will be separated into more categories. In addition to recycling containers for use by guests, there will also be "stadium sweeps" of venues at the conclusion of each event. The goal of these sweeps will be to

pick up recyclable containers left behind.

All of the material will be collected, transported, and sorted by Green Valley Recycling & Compost. The contract with Green Valley contains financial incentives if the company is able to recycle more than 85 percent of the waste.

Compostable plastic?

Well, it's not exactly plastic, but it looks and acts like plastic, and it's being used in products including hinged-lid sandwich containers, plates,

bowls, and cups. What is it? It's EarthShell Corporation's innovative, biodegradable material made from natural limestone, potato starch reclaimed from the commercial processing of potatoes and french fries, a small amount of 100-percent post-consumer recycled paper fiber, biodegradable polymer and wax coatings, and water.

EarthShell's products are being used at an increasing number of McDonald's restaurants as Big Mac containers. Other products are popping up at schools, universities, government facilities, restaurants, and even retailers. Last fall, Wal-Mart began selling the plates and bowls in a number of markets, and Green Earth Office Supply, an online retailer located at www.greenearthofficesupply.com, began offering the plates, bowls, and hinged-lid containers.

EarthShell's containers biodegrade when exposed to moisture in nature, physically disintegrate in water when crushed or broken, and can be composted in a commercial or community facility or in a backyard compost pile.

Many other companies continue to experiment with making biodegradable "plastics" based on renewable resources such as plant sugars. Cargill Dow's NatureWorks PLA is being tested in a wide range of consumer applications, including candy wrappers, clothing, and plastic film. NatureWorks PLA is also used to make Biocorp's compostable bags, cups, straws, plates, and cutlery.

Not only are products such as those made by EarthShell and Biocorp renewable and biodegradable, they also require less energy and create fewer emissions during production.



The "Compostable Logo" is awarded to products that meet the American Society for Testing and Materials standards for compostable plastics. Only products that meet these standards may display this logo. For more information, visit the web site www.bpiworld.org or call 1-888-BPI-LOGO (274-5646).

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Building today for tomorrow

For most of us, buildings are the backdrop of our lives. They are the places in which the drama of our everyday lives takes place. They are the places where we eat, sleep, laugh, cry, work, and learn. We may consider how well the buildings work to sustain us or help us sustain ourselves, but how often do we consider how well the buildings sustain our environment and our future? We should consider this because buildings consume about 40 percent of our energy and materials each year.

"Green building" encompasses a wide range of structure-related issues—some when buildings are being planned, others when they are under construction, and more when they are occupied and maintained. Here are some of the strategies for green building across the life of the structure.

Green Building Internet Resources

- Building Environmental Science and Technology—"Green Building Primer" www.nrg-builder.com/greenbld.htm
- Environmental Building News www.buildinggreen.com
- National Institute of Standards and Technology— Building for Environmental and Economic Sustainability (BEES) Software www.bfrl.nist.gov/oae/software/bees.html
- Sustainable Buildings Industry Council—
 "Designing Low-Energy Buildings with Energy-10"
 www.sbicouncil.org
- U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Building Technology www.eren.doe.gov/EE/buildings.html
- U.S. Green Building Council—LEED Green Building Rating System www.usgbc.org
- The Whole Building Design Guide www.wbdg.org

Design

- Reuse or remodel an existing structure when possible
- Design new buildings or expansions to existing buildings for resource and energy conservation.
- Situate new buildings on lots to maximize daylighting and to minimize seasonal temperature variations.
- Opt for recycled-content products whenever possible. These might include carpet made from PET bottles, glass tile made from old containers, or glassphalt for the parking lot.
- Choose as many materials as possible that are available locally or nearby, reducing transportation costs and emissions.
- Evaluate incorporating solar and other on-site power sources into the building design.
- Plan for later adaptive reuses to areas within the building and the structure as a whole.
- Specify native plants and favor ground covers over grass lawns in the landscape design.

Construction

- Retrofit existing structures with water-conserving plumbing fixtures and energy-efficient lighting and appliances.
- Salvage as many building systems as possible in existing buildings.
- Deconstruct unusable buildings so that as many parts as possible can be reused or recycled.
- Inventory supplies at job sites so that materials are used up, limiting the amount of overage that is ordered, delivered, and wasted.
- Organize job sites so that materials are stored properly and not damaged before they can be used.
- Recycle packaging and other materials at job sites.
- Ask suppliers to restock unused materials.
- Donate leftover materials that cannot be restocked to local non-profit organizations.
- Refurbish existing or purchase used or reconditioned equipment and furnishings.



- Install landscape materials that reduce the demand for irrigation water and provide appropriate amounts of shade and light to the building structure.
- Replace trees that were removed to accommodate construction.

Occupancy and maintenance

- Use benign cleaning products inside the building.
- Reuse and recycle on-site.
- Purchase recycled-content office and building supplies.
- Compost yard waste and/or food waste.
- Grasscycle lawn clippings.
- Maintain equipment for a long life.

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Bin problems

If you want to recycle and compost more, we recommend that you keep containers for recyclables and compostables as handy as you keep that container for trash. A basket or box with handles might make a good recycling bin for your kitchen. An old coffee can could hold compostable food scraps that are headed for your backyard composting pile.

But what about the other stuff? The stuff that doesn't go in either your recycling container or compost pile? Most of it probably ends up in the trash can. It's easy to throw a lot into the trash can, so every now and then it's good to stop and think about wasteful habits.

For a couple of days or a week, create a "problem bin." Place everything in the problem bin that cannot be locally recycled or composted. At the end of the period, take a look at what is in your problem bin. Did anything recyclable end up there? Anything compostable? Are there items that could have been reused? Are there products you could have avoided using at all? Let your problem bin become a learning bin—and plan to create less waste for your trash bin in the future.

Give an inch—and they'll take a mile.

Remember that adage? It's the idea behind the delightful children's stories written by Laura Joffe Numeroff and illustrated by Felicia Bond. Their collaborations include If You Give a Mouse a Cookie, If You Give a Moose a Muffin, If You Give a Pig a Pancake, and If You Take a Mouse to the Movies.

While these are great books for kids, they are also

good for adults. Why? Because the ideas developed in the stories point out something about human nature. As with the moose who gets the muffin but asks for jam to go with it (and so on), the process of satisfying one desire often creates a new one. Sociologists who write about consumer culture call this process the "escalation of desire."

So the next time you read one of these books to the child in your life, give some thought to the g

give some thought to the grown-up realities behind the story. And the next time you buy a knife which leads to a new cutting board...

Make mine reusable

When you stop by your favorite coffee shop, think reuse. No, you don't need to ask for yesterday's coffee. If you're going to sit down and enjoy your java, tea, or hot cocoa, ask for a reusable mug. If you're taking it "to go," bring your own reusable cup, or buy one and

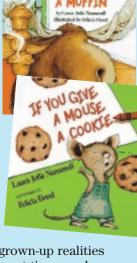
take advantage of the store's discounted refills in the future.

A study by the Alliance for Environmental Innovation and Starbucks Coffee Company found that reusable cups offer important environmental benefits—and that those benefits multiply with each additional use. Here are some of the findings:

- Using glasses in place of disposable PET plastic cups reduces energy use by 98 percent, even including the environmental impacts of manufacturing, using, and washing the glasses.
- Both ceramic and glass reduce water pollution by 99 percent. Ceramic reusables reduce water usage by 64 percent as well.
- Ceramic reusables reduce air particulates by 86 percent and greenhouse gas emissions by 29 percent.
- By weight, ceramic reusables reduce solid waste by 86 percent, and glass reusables reduce it by 88 percent.

and loyalty.

Reusables pay for themselves after the first 20 to 25 uses, which is great because they are usually designed for thousands of uses! The stores can dramatically reduce costs by switching to more reusables, while improving customer satisfaction



IF YOU GIVE

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Congratulations!

Last November, the City of Durham was one of five local governments selected

from across the nation to receive the 2001 Waste-Wise Program Champion award. Sponsored by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Waste-Wise is a voluntary program that promotes



waste prevention, recycling, and buying recycled among businesses, industries, non-profit organizations, institutions, and government agencies. The City of Durham government, with more than 2,000 employees, participates in the program.

Los participantes del gobierno de la Ciudad de Durham en el programa de EPA's de Waste Wise, y el noviembre pasado, la Cuidad fue honorada con un Premio de Campeones del Programa por su reducción de desechos y esfuerzos de reciclaje. ¡Felicidades!



We would like to welcome Benjamin Gaddis to our staff as the new Residential Waste Reduction Coordinator. Originally from Salt Lake City, Utah, he graduated from Willamette University in Oregon and then served in the Peace Corps in Ukraine for two years. Ben is currently pursuing a Master of Arts in Teaching with a major in science and a Master of Environmental Management in water resources at Duke University.

If you have any questions or concerns about residential waste reduction and recycling, call Ben at 560-4185, ext. 252, or e-mail bgaddis@ci.durham.nc.us.

Nos gustaría dar la bienvenida a nuestro personal a Benjamín Gaddis como el nuevo Coordinador de Reducción de Desechos Residenciales. Llame a Ben al 560-4185 si tiene preguntas sobre el reciclaje residencial.

We want your suggestions, questions and comments!

The City of Durham Department of Solid Waste Management Waste Reduction Program

> 1833 Camden Avenue Durham, NC 27704 919-560-4185

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"One Person's Trash..." is part of the Department of Solid Waste Management's educational campaign to promote waste reduction and recycling programs.

Waste Less Fests planned for 2002

We've expanded the services available at our mixed paper drives—and given these events a new name. We now call them "Waste Less Fests." At these conservation events, you can recycle your mixed paper, exchange your broken recycling bin for a free replacement, buy a compost bin or an additional recycling bin, exchange your current showerhead for a free low-flow alternative, or buy one for only \$3.

"Waste Less Fests" are scheduled from 10 a.m. to 2 p.m. on the following dates at the locations listed:

March 2—Northgate Mall, off Guess Rd., behind Office Max

May 4—Kroger, 3457 Hillsborough Rd. June 1—Woodcroft Shopping Center, Hope Valley Rd., near Hwy. 54

August 3—Heritage Square Shopping Center, Fayetteville St. and Lakewood Ave., near Hwy. 147

October 5—South Square Mall, off University Drive

November 16—The Village Shopping Center, beside Post Office on Miami Blvd., near Hwy. 98

January 4, 2003—Wal-Mart at Oxford Commons, 3500 N. Roxboro Rd. What is

Mixel PapER

- Phone books
- White paperboard (white boxes which held dry food or goods)
- Brown paperboard (cereal boxes, paper towel rolls, etc.)
- White and colored paper
- Booklets (soft cover)
- Magazines (no perfumes)
- Manila (non-padded) envelopes
- Folders

Sorry, but we cannot accept envelopes with plastic windows, wax- or plastic-coated paper, adhesives, fiber products with food contamination, spiral binders, plastic, or metals.

If you don't want to wait until the next "Waste Less Fest" to recycle your mixed paper, there are now two drop-off locations for mixed paper:

- Waste Disposal and Recycling Center, 2115 East Club Blvd., Monday-Friday, 7:30 a.m.-4:30 p.m.; Saturday, 7:30 a.m.noon
- Tidewater Fibre Corp. (TFC), 1017 S. Hoover Rd., Monday-Friday, 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m.

El Departamento de Dirección de Residuos Sólidos ha fijado las fechas para el "Waste Less Fests" ("Festival Para Desperdiciar Menos") del 2002. En estos eventos conducidos los sábados, usuarios pueden reciclar sus papeles mezclados, comprar botes de abono, intercambiar sus regaderas actuales por un alternativo de flujo bajo GRATIS, o comprar uno por solo \$3.00. Cada evento se llevará al cabo de 10:00 am a 2:00 pm.

Center keeps getting better

New services available at the Waste Disposal and Recycling Center

In last quarter's newsletter, we told you about the recently completed facelift at the Waste Disposal and Recycling Center. Now, we want to tell you about new services that are available at the facility.

The new Swap Shop is open. The Swap Shop accepts reusable items that are clean and either in working order or easily repairable. There is no charge to drop off or pick up reusable items at the Swap Shop. However, residents must see one of the

Recycling Center attendants to access the building. Items accepted at the Swap Shop and available to pick up include household items, such as baby furniture and equipment, dishes, glasses and cookware, holiday decorations, and lawn and garden equipment and tools; office equipment, such as calculators, phones, filing cabinets, and staplers; small appliances, such as answering machines, clocks, radios, blenders, and fans; children's toys, games, sports equipment, bicycles, and books; and general tools. The Swap Shop does NOT accept clothes, mattresses, box springs, paints, chemicals, broken items, and large pieces of upholstered furniture.

Residents can now dispose of used cooking oil at the Center. Pouring fats, oils, and greases down the drain causes



sewer line blockages and overflows. Instead, deliver it to the Center to be recycled. There is a tank for cooking oils. Center attendants are available to assist you.

The Waste Disposal and Recycling Center, 2115 E. Club Blvd., is open Monday through Friday, 7:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., and Saturday, 7:30 a.m. to noon. For more information, call 560-4611.

Recycling reminders

What is recyclable in Durham?

All of these items can be recycled in curbside bins and at recycling drop-off centers. Please rinse and flatten all containers. Do not bundle or bag any items. Labels are OK.

- Aluminum cans, foil, and pie tins
- Aseptic containers (drink boxes—no straws, please)
- Cartons (milk and juice)
- Glass bottles and jars
- Steel cans
- Plastic bottles #1, #2, #5, and #7 (look on the bottom of the bottle for this number)
- Plastic six-pack rings
- Glossy magazines and catalogs
- Newspaper
- Office paper (white and colored)
- Corrugated cardboard (broken down into 3 by 3 foot pieces for curbside collection)

Remember that, by law, aluminum and steel cans, glass bottles and jars, corrugated cardboard, and newspaper must be recycled!



Please do not put any of these items in curbside bins or at recycling drop-off centers! These items **cannot** be recycled in Durham:

- Pizza boxes
- Plastic bags
- Plastic tubs (such as margarine containers)
- Styrofoam
- Plastic toys and chairs
- Tops and lids of plastic and glass bottles, jugs, and jars
- Wax-coated cardboard
- Newspaper and/or cardboard used for pet liners or contaminated by pet waste
- Plastic utensils
- Plastic oil and pesticide containers
- Ceramics, mirrors, window glass, and drinking glasses

Los siguientes artículos se pueden reciclar en su bote de la acera o los Centros de Reciclaje: Latas de aluminio o de acero, Botellas o potes de vidrio, Botellas plásticas #1,2,5,7, Cajitas de jugo, Recipientes de bebidas como cartones de leche, Círculos plásticos de seis unidades, Papel de aluminio y los moldes de pasteles, Cartones corrugados, Periódicos, Papeles de oficina (blanco o de color), Revistas y catálogos lustrosos. Contaminantes Comunes que NO se pueden reciclar en Durham son las cajas de pizza, fundas plásticas, recipientes plásticos (como los de margarina), espuma de poliestireno, espejos y cerámicas. ¡Gracias por reciclar apropiadamente!

En el Centro de Desechos y Reciclaje de la Cuidad, 2115 East Club Blvd., han abierto una nueva tienda de intercambio (Swap Shop). El Swap Shop solo aceptará artículos que se puedan usar otra vez, limpios y que funcionan o se pueden reparar fácilmente. No hay un cargo para usuarios dejando o recogiendo artículos. Se puede aceptar un máximo de 5 artículos por familia, por semana. El Swap Shop NO acepta ropa, colchones, tambor de resortes de la cama, pintura, químicos, artículos rotos y pedazos de muebles grandes. Tiene que ver al encargado del Centro antes de dejar o recoger cualquier artículo. Los usuarios también pueden desechar el aceite de cocinar usado en el Centro. Llame para detalles al 560-4611.